

Press Controls

KING AIR AUTOMATION CORPORATION

Over load protector



KING AIR

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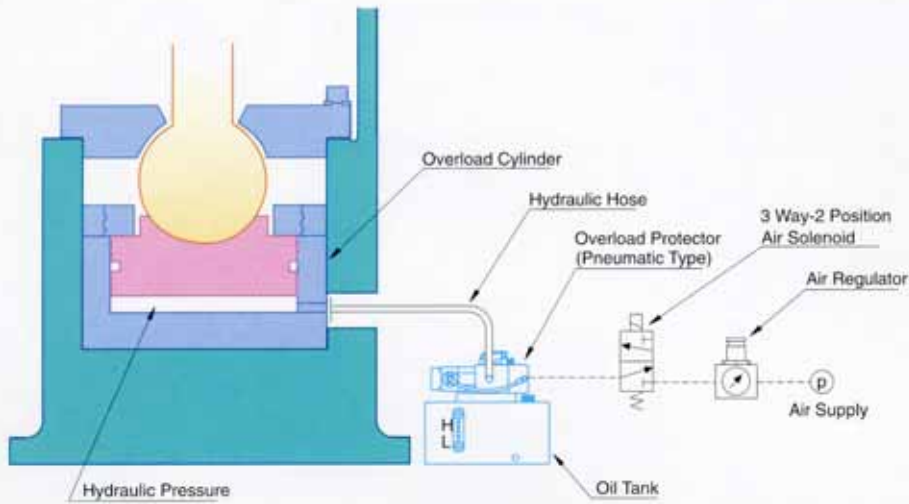
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KING AIR

OVERLOAD PROTECTOR 沖床用油壓超負載保護器



Application

- The King Air overload protector is equipped with a press to keep the pressure of the hydraulic cylinder inside the slider from overloading.
- The overload protector can quickly compensate to maintain the normal working pressure when the pressure is not enough.
- As soon as the pressure is overloaded the pressure is quickly released to protect the press, molds, etc.

Description

- The King Air overload protector is composed of the booster driven by air, highly sensitive overload relief valve, and the sensitivity switch.
- The hydraulic booster, driven by clean air, is used to maintain the required hydraulic pressure during operation.
- The air-driven hydraulic booster has two kinds of pressure ratios to offer the different working pressure.
- There are two methods, the pneumatic type and the spring type, for adjusting the overload pressure of the overload protector.
- The sensitivity switch is used to stop the press as soon as the highly sensitive overload relief valve operates.

Function

- **Quick Response**
As soon as the overload pressure is detected, the overload relief valve must release within 1/1000 second.
- **Stable Overload Pressure**
The relief valve of the hydraulic overload protector detects the overload pressure within 5% tolerance.
- **High Quality Sensitivity Switch**
The switch is durable and the contact point is accurate.
- **Easy Adjustment**
It is easy to adjust the overload pressure of the overload protector.
- **Dimension and Weight**
Compact, light, and easy to install.

應用：

- KING AIR 的沖床用油壓超負載保護器係裝置於沖床上，檢測沖床滑塊內部油壓缸的壓力。
- 當油壓壓力不足時，可以快速補足壓力，以保持沖床正常沖壓壓力。
- 當油壓壓力產生超負載的情況時，可以瞬間洩放出油壓壓力，以保護沖床機構和模具的使用壽命。

說明：

- KING AIR 的沖床用油壓超負載保護器，是由 (1) 空壓驅動油壓增壓泵 (2) 高精度超負載油壓壓力洩放閥 (3) 感應開關等三部分所構成。
- 空壓驅動油壓增壓泵是以空氣為動力源，將油壓增壓至所須的工作壓力，有二種增壓比可供選擇。
- 高精度超負載油壓壓力洩放閥的壓力設定方式有二種 (1) 使用空氣壓力控制 (2) 彈簧調整。
- 感應開關是應用在當高精度超負載油壓壓力洩放閥被啟動時，即時通知沖床停止沖壓作業。

功能：

- 當超負載保護器的油壓壓力洩放閥被啟動時，其洩放壓力油的時間在 1/1000 秒 [1 msec] 以內。
- 超負載油壓壓力的檢測精度在 5% 以內。
- 感應開關耐衝擊且接點動作正確。
- 超負載油壓壓力的調整，簡單確實。
- 體積小、重量輕、方便安裝。

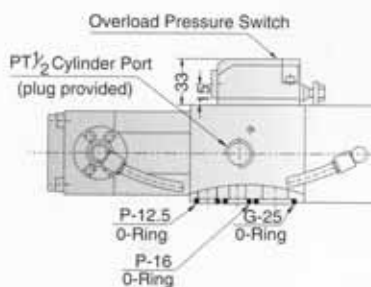
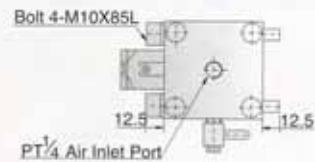
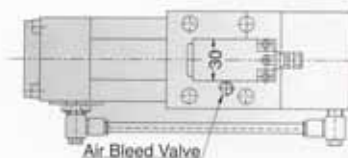
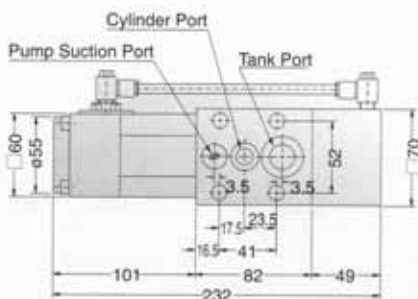


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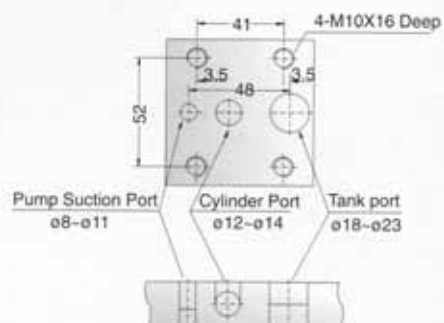
PNEUMATIC TYPE : SERIES LA 空氣壓力控制 LA 系列



**Outline Dimensions: LA-257
LA-507**



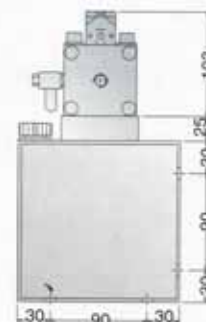
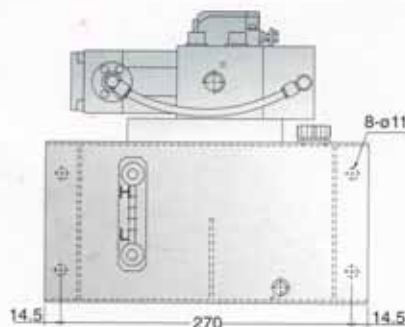
Manifold Mounting Hole



Specifications

Model No.	型式	Overload Protector Only		Overload Protector With Reservoir Tank	
		LA-257	LA-507	LA-257-T	LA-507-T
Medium	使用流體	Compressed Air, Filtered (lubricated or unlubricated)			
Air Pressure	使用空壓壓力	2-5.7 (kg/cm ²)			
Air Consumption	空氣消耗量	180 NI/min			
Operation Noise	噪音	Less than 76 dB			
Hydraulic Fluid	液壓油	ISO-VG-32 or equivalent			
Discharge Pressure	增壓泵吐出壓力	Air Pressurex24	Air pressurex42	Air pressurex24	Air pressurex42
Trigger Pressure	超負載設定壓力	Air Pressure x70 (Theoretical)			
Normal Operating Pressure	常用超負載設定壓力	200-350 (kg/cm ²)			
Flow Rate OF overload	超負載保護器洩放流量	13000cm ³ /s			

**Outline Dimensions: LA-257-T
LA-507-T**



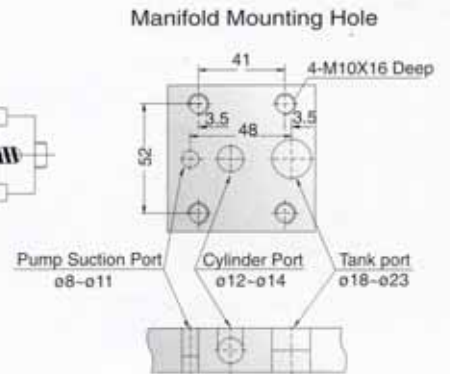
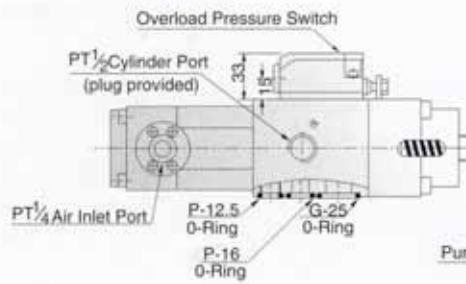
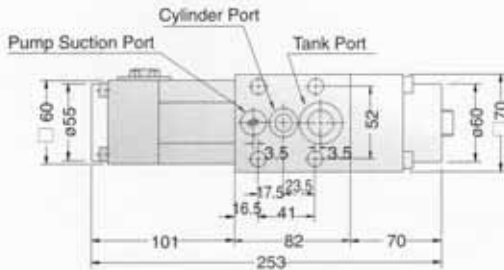
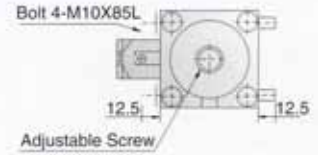
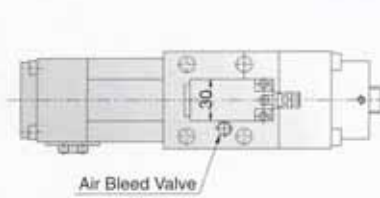


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SPRING TYPE : SERIES LS 彈簧調整 LS 系列



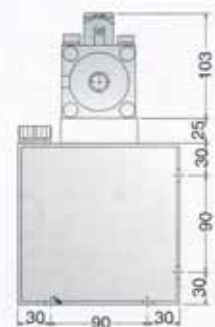
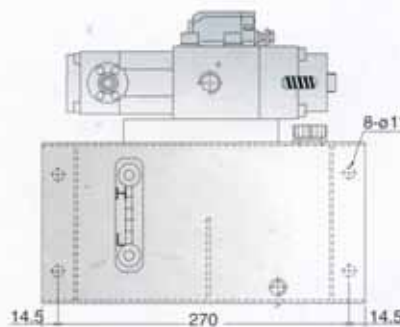
**Outline Dimensions: LS-257
LS-507**



Specifications

Model No.	型式	Overload Protector Only		Overload Protector With Reservoir Tank	
		LS-257	LS-507	LS-257-T	LS-507-T
Medium	使用流體	Compressed Air [lubricated or unlubricated]			
Air Pressure	使用空壓壓力	2~5.7 [kg/cm ²]			
Air Consumption	空氣消耗量	180 NI/min			
Operation Noise	噪音	Less than 76 dB			
Hydraulic Fluid	液壓油	ISO-VG-32 or equivalent			
Discharge Pressure	增壓泵吐出壓力	Air pressurex24	Air pressurex42	Air pressurex24	Air pressurex42
Trigger Pressure	超負載設定壓力	Spring Control			
Normal Operating Pressure	常用超負載設定壓力	200~350 [kg/cm ²]			
Flow Rate OF overload	超負載保護器洩放流量	13000cm ³ /s			

**Outline Dimensions: LS-257-T
LS-507-T**

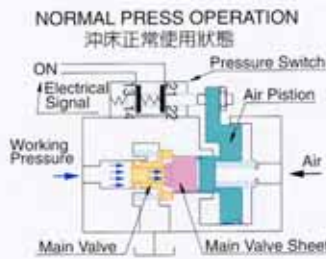




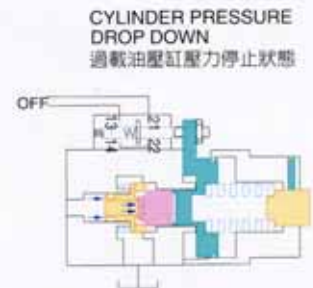
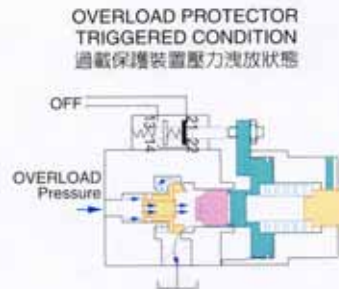
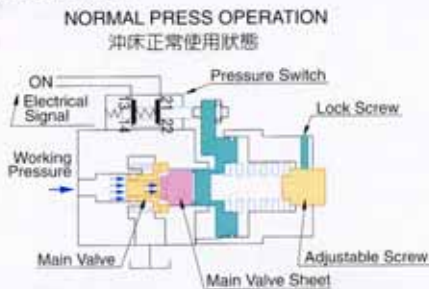
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THEORY OPERATION 作動原理

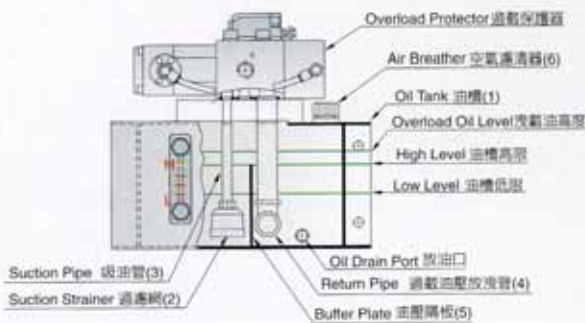
Pneumatic Type:



Spring Type:



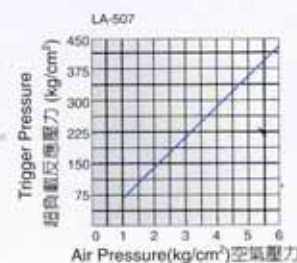
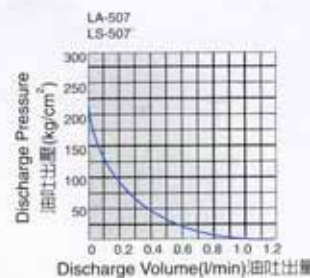
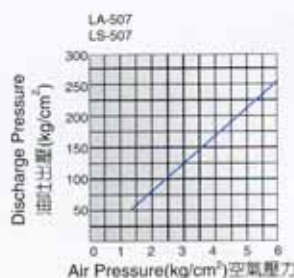
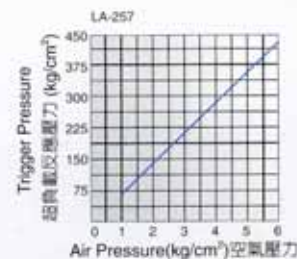
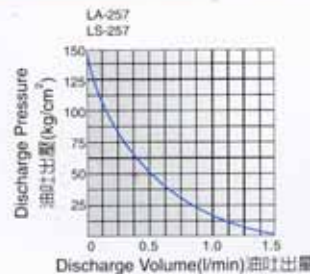
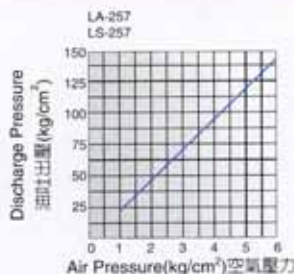
RESERVOIR TANK 油箱配置

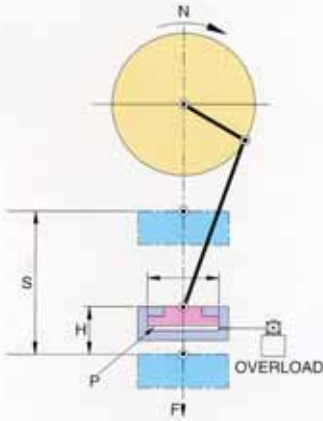


- (1) Over 3 times the cylinder capacity.
- (2) Over 120 mesh, over 2.5 liter/min.
- (3) Thick wall pipe which can withstand high shock and vibration should be used.
- (4) Thick-walled pipe should be used to withstand strong shock and vibration.
 - ⑤ Tip of the tube should be mounted with a Tee or cut in 45° angle to slow down oil flow.
- (5) In order to separate the return oil from the suction pipe, buffer plate shall be provided in the tank.
- (6) The oil supply inlet cover should have an air breathing hole to exhaust air rapidly for the case that high volume of oil returns to the tank by overloading function. The hole diameter should be over 8mm.

- (1) 油槽容量須大於過載油壓缸容積的 3 倍以上。
- (2) 油過濾網須大於 120 目以上，流量須大於 2.5 l/min。
- (3) 吸油管須管壁與管壁厚耐高壓力衝擊及振動。
- (4) 吸油管須管壁耐高壓力衝擊及振動。
 - ⑤ 吸油管在管的末端可以使用 T 型管或切成 45° 角以減低流量衝擊。
- (5) 減低回流油對吸油管的衝擊所以隔板是必須的。
- (6) 油入口蓋須有一道氣孔，且口徑須大於 8mm，以利大量回流油時快速排出空氣。

CHARACTERISTIC CHART 特性曲線





一、Conform to the qualitions of the press when Using a overload

- F: Press Rated Capacity(ton)
- P: Overload Trigger Pressure [kgf/cm²]
- H: Press rated capacity generation point above bottom of the stroke(distance)(mm)
- S: Stroke Length (mm)
- N: Press stroke per minute (SPM)
- A: Overload Cylinder Area (cm²)
- V: Press ram descending speed at rated Press capacity generation point ,(cm/sec)

二、Overload Trigger Capacity [C] :

- C= F x1.0~1.2
- Usually 1.1(10% up) is recommended.

三、Overload Trigger Pressure [P] :

- P= $\frac{\text{Overload Trigger Capacity [kgf]}}{\text{overload Cylinder Area [cm}^2\text{]}} = \frac{C}{A}$ [A]
- P= Air Pressure (Pa)x70..... [B]
- P should be calculated by above equations (A) and (B).
- Air pressure should be as higher as possible.
- Overload trigger pressure (P) should be selected as higher as possible. (example:350kg/cm²)
- It is beneficial to standardize pressure of all the presses .

四、Flow Rate of Overload Cylinder [Q] :

- Q=AxV V=N√SH-H²/87.5
- Example of Calculation :
- Conditions: Press capacity : 130 ton
- Stroke per minute [N] : 50 spm
- Stroke length [S] : 200mm
- Rated capacity generation point Above bottom of the stroke [H] : 5mm
- Overload cylinder dia [A] : 230mm

Overload Trigger Pressure [P] :

$P = \frac{C}{A} = \frac{130000\text{kgf} \times 1.1}{23^2 \times \pi / 4\text{cm}^2} \approx 345 \text{ kgf/cm}^2$

$P = (Pa) \times 70 = 4.93 \text{ kgf/cm}^2 \times 70 \approx 345 \text{ kgf/cm}^2$

★ Overload Trigger Pressure : 345kgf/cm²

★ Air Pressure : 4.93kgf/cm²

Overload Flow Rate Check:

$V = 50 \sqrt{200 \times 5 - 5^2} / 87.5 = 17.8 \text{ cm/sec}$

$Q = 23^2 \times \pi / 4 \times 17.8 = 7395 \text{ cm}^3/\text{sec}$

★ The flow rate of the overload cylinder should be less than of the overload protector.

★ Then, The Model No. to be selected is Series LA or LS.

理論依據

一、使用超負載保護器時沖床應符合下列使用條件之要求。

- F: 沖床能力: 沖床能夠產生之最大沖壓壓力 (統稱沖床能力) (ton)
- P: 超負載設定壓力: 使負載保護器釋放間作動之壓力 (kgf/cm²)
- H: 能力產生位置: 從下死點算起能夠產生最大沖壓壓力之高度 (mm)
- S: 行程長度: 滑塊一行程運動距離 (mm)
- N: 行程數: 一分鐘內滑塊的行程次數 (SPM)
- A: 超負載油壓缸面積 [cm²]
- V: 能力產生點滑塊的速度 (cm/sec)

二、啟動超負載保護器的動能 [C] :

- C=Fx1.0~1.2
- 通常以 1.1 倍來計算

三、超負載保護器設定的壓力 [P] :

- P= $\frac{\text{啟動超負載保護器的動能 [kgf]}}{\text{超負載油壓缸的面積 [cm}^2\text{]}} = \frac{C}{A}$ [A]
- P= 空壓壓力 [Pa] x 70 [B]
- 由 [A] [B] 即可計算出超負載保護器設定的壓力 [P] , 和空壓壓力 [Pa]
- 空壓壓力儘量提高。
- 超負載保護器設定的壓力最好選擇高的。(例如: 350kg/cm²)
- 各種不同型式的沖床最好能將超負載保護器設定的壓力標準化。

四、超負載時油壓缸洩放的流量 [Q] :

- Q=AXV V=N√SH-H²/87.5
- 計算舉例:
- 設定條件: 沖床能力 : 130 ton
- 每分鐘行程數 [N] : 50 spm
- 行程長度 [S] : 200mm
- 能力產生位置 [H] : 5mm
- 超負載油壓缸直徑 [A] : 230mm

超負載保護器設定的壓力 [P] :

$P = \frac{C}{A} = \frac{130000\text{kgf} \times 1.1}{23^2 \times \pi / 4\text{cm}^2} \approx 345 \text{ kgf/cm}^2$

$P = (Pa) \times 70 = 4.93 \text{ kgf/cm}^2 \times 70 \approx 345 \text{ kgf/cm}^2$

★超負載保護器設定的壓力: P=345kgf/cm²

★空壓壓力: Pa=4.93kgf/cm²

超負載時油壓缸洩放的流量:

$V = 50 \sqrt{200 \times 5 - 5^2} / 87.5 = 17.8 \text{ cm/sec}$

$Q = 23^2 \times \pi / 4 \times 17.8 = 7395 \text{ cm}^3/\text{sec}$

★超負載時油壓缸洩放的流量 (Q) 必須小於超負載保護器洩放流量。

★根據上列計算, 超負載時油壓缸洩放流量小於超負載保護器洩放流量, 所以 LA 系列或 LS 系列都可以選擇使用。



KING AIR

肯岳亞股份有限公司

KING AIR AUTOMATION CORPORATION

40849 台中市南屯區文山北巷1-5號

40849 No. 1-5 Wenshan N. Lane Nantun District
Taichung Taiwan R. O. C.

TEL : 886-4-23876060 FAX : 886-4-23876161

<http://www.king-air.com.tw>

E-mail:kingair@ms22.hinet.net